submit with your request for review, you should submit that evidence to the Federal reviewing official as soon as possible. If there is additional evidence that you wish to submit and you are thaving difficulty obtaining it, the Federal reviewing official may issue a subpoena for the evidence using the process and standards described in §405.217. If the Federal reviewing official determines that additional evidence is necessary, we may obtain such evidence from other sources, including the State agency.

(c) Seeking State agency clarification. In reviewing your claim, if the Federal reviewing official determines that additional information, beyond that provided by the claimant, is necessary, the Federal reviewing official may obtain it from other sources, including the State agency or a treating source. The State agency will provide such clarification or additional information to the Federal reviewing official on a timely basis. In such circumstances, the Federal reviewing official will retain the authority to make the decision as to whether or not you are disabled.

## §405.217 Subpoenas.

- (a) When it is reasonably necessary for the full presentation of a claim, we may issue subpoenas for the production of any documents that are relevant to an issue before the Federal reviewing official.
- (b) To have documents subpoenaed, you must file a written request for a subpoena with us.

The written request must:

- (1) Identify the documents with sufficient detail to find them:
- (2) State the important facts that the document is expected to show; and
- (3) Indicate why these facts could not be shown without that document.
- (c) We will pay the cost of issuing the subpoena.
- (d) Within five days of receipt of a subpoena, the person against whom the subpoena is directed may ask us to withdraw or limit the scope of the subpoena, setting forth the reasons why the subpoena should be withdrawn or why it should be limited in scope.
- (e) Upon failure of any person to comply with a subpoena, the Office of

the General Counsel may seek enforcement of the subpoena under section 205(e) of the Act.

## § 405.220 Decision by the Federal reviewing official.

- (a) The Federal reviewing official will make a decision based on all of the evidence. The written decision will explain in clear and understandable language the specific reasons for the decision, including an explanation as to why the Federal reviewing official agrees or disagrees with the rationale in the initial determination.
- (b) Before making his or her decision, the Federal reviewing official may consult with a medical, psychological, or vocational expert through the Medical and Vocational Expert System if the Federal reviewing official determines that such consultation is necessary. If the Federal reviewing official disagrees with the initial determination, or if you submit, or the Federal reviewing official otherwise obtains, new and material medical evidence, the Federal reviewing official will consult with a medical orpsychological expert through the Medical and Vocational Expert System before making a decision. At all times, the Federal reviewing official retains the authority to make the decision as to whether you are disabled under our rules.

## § 405.225 Notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision.

We will mail a written notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision to you at your last known address. We will inform you of your right to a hearing before an administrative law judge.

## § 405.230 Effect of the Federal reviewing official's decision.

The Federal reviewing official's decision is binding unless—

- (a) You request a hearing before an administrative law judge under §405.310 of this part within 60 days of the date you receive notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision and a decision is made by the administrative law judge.
- (b) The expedited appeals process is used, or